

Rebecca N. Sullivan Commissioner

To: APOs and CUPOs

# AUD #23-26

**CC:** Jim Barnaby, Deputy Commissioner, State Purchasing Division Mary Chapman, Deputy Division Director, State Purchasing Division Mukesh Patel, State Purchasing Division Portfolio Manager

From: Audits, State Purchasing Division

Date: December 20, 2022

Re: Audit of three-digit NIGP category code use – purchase orders (POs) issued in October 2022

#### Audit Summary

National Institute of Governmental Purchasing (NIGP) codes are a universal taxonomy for identifying commodities and services in procurement systems. The State of Georgia uses the NIGP five-digit item code as a commodity code to classify products and services on POs.

For Team Georgia Marketplace<sup>™</sup> (TGM) entities, there were \$57,470 in PO lines, where a three-digit NIGP category code was used.

For University System of Georgia (USG) entities<sup>1</sup>, there were \$2.2 million in PO lines, where a three-digit NIGP category code was used.

### **Audit Objectives**

- 1. Determine how many PO lines contained a three-digit NIGP category code.
- 2. Determine which state entities issued PO lines with three-digit NIGP category codes.

The audit scope and methodology used in this audit are summarized in Appendix A.

### Audit Objective: Three-digit NIGP category code

For TGM entities, we found 78 PO lines on 36 POs, where a three-digit NIGP category code was used. These PO lines totaled \$57,470. The three-digit NIGP categories end in "oo" and only provide a general description of what was purchased. Section 6.3.1 of the Georgia Procurement Manual (GPM) requires a PO must contain a commodity code. The commodity codes used by the State of Georgia are five-digit NIGP codes. TGM entities used only three three-digit NIGP category codes. These codes are summarized in **Table 1**.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excluding Augusta University. Augusta University provides their PO query quarterly. The audit team is working with Augusta University to get read-only access to their financial system so their POs can be audited monthly.

Table 1
Three-digit NIGP Category Codes Used
(TGM) October 2022

NIGP Code	NIGP Code Description	PO Amount	Number of PO Lines		
26900	Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	\$56,974	74		
96300	Miscellaneous Fees, Dues, Permits,	\$468	3		
	Registrations, Rebates, Postage, Taxes				
57800	Miscellaneous Products (Not otherwise	\$28	1		
	classified)				
Source: PeopleSoft query TGM_0EPO019D_PO_SPEND_BY_DATE					

For USG entities, we found 2,661 PO lines on 1,388 POs where a three-digit NIGP category code was used. These PO lines totaled \$2.2 million. USG entities used 92 three-digit NIGP category codes. The top six three-digit NIGP category codes by PO amount are summarized in **Table 2.** These six three-digit NIGP category codes accounted for 86% of the \$1.8 million in PO lines with three-digit NIGP category codes.

Table 2						
Three-digit NIGP Category C	odes Used					
(USG) October 2022						
		1				

NIGP Code	NIGP Code Description	<b>PO</b> Amount	Number of PO Lines		
20400	Computer Hardware and Peripherals for	\$1,326,101	208		
	Microcomputers				
20700	Computer Accessories and Supplies	\$213,154	6		
18000	Chemical Raw Materials (in large quantities etc.)	\$119,960	243		
17500	Chemical Laboratory Equipment and Supplies	\$85,030	159		
95900	Marine Construction and Related Services;	\$66,443	8		
	Marine Equipment Maintenance and Repair				
45000	Hardware and Related Items	\$55,335	110		
Source: 1) BOR_OPO019D_PO_LIST_BY_BU_DTL; 2) PO data provided by Georgia Institute of					
Technology, Georgia State University, and University of Georgia.					

#### Recommendations

- 1. SPD should clarify if and when three-digit NIGP category codes may be used on POs.
- 2. SPD should work with the appropriate IT support staff from the Department of Administrative Services (DOAS), the State Accounting Office, and USG to prevent the use of three-digit NIGP category codes on PO lines, where prohibited.
- 3. SPD Audits will work with the appropriate IT support staff from the Department of Administrative Services (DOAS) and the USG to review and, where necessary, correct the crosswalks used in catalogs to translate United Nations Standard Products and Services Codes® (UNSPSC) to NIGP codes. This will help to eliminate most of the system-generated 3-digit coding errors on PO lines.
- 4. SPD should provide a crosswalk from the most often used three-digit NIGP category codes to the five-digit codes that should be used.

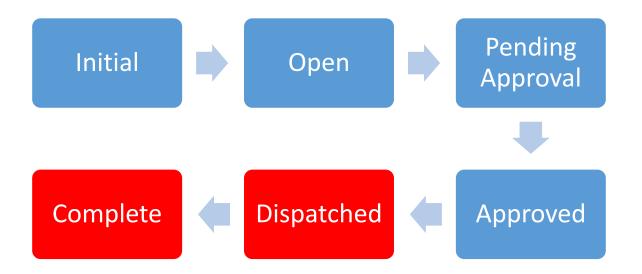
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5. APOs/CUPOs should review PO data from this audit at the buyer level to ensure that staff is adequately trained and, where necessary, re-trained in using NIGP codes on POs. SPD should also consider offering a stand-alone course on NIGP code use for buyers, requestors, approvers, and APOs/CUPOs.

## Appendix A Audit Scope and Methodology

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This audit is of purchase orders (POs) issued in October 2022 - POs with PO dates between October 1, 2022, through October 31, 2022. The PO dates were when the PO queries were run in November 2022. The PO queries come from different financial systems. Except for the Georgia Institute of Technology, which uses Workday, all other audited state entities use PeopleSoft for their financial system. It is not the same instance of PeopleSoft since each instance is configured differently. The objective of the audit was to audit POs issued or dispatched. Since the PO queries are being run from different financial systems, the terminology used to indicate the PO status or the life cycle for POs varies. For TGM entities, the PO life cycle consists of the following steps:



Only those POs in the stage of dispatched or complete were included in this audit. Phases, before dispatched, represent the internal approval process a state entity uses before the PO is sent to the supplier. For TGM entities, this is known as dispatched. Complete is the status used when the PO is closed and can no longer be modified or used.